1. Which command initializes a new Git repository?

* a) git start
* b) git init
* c) git create
* d) git new
* **1-b git init**

2. What does the 'git add' command do?

* a) Saves changes to the remote repository
* b) Adds files to the staging area
* c) Creates a new repository
* d) Merges two branches
* **2-b Adds files to the staging area**

3. Which command is used to create a local copy of a remote repository?

* a) git fork
* b) git clone
* c) git copy
* d) git pull
* **3-b git clone**

4. Which command uploads local commits to a remote repository?

* a) git push
* b) git upload
* c) git commit
* d) git send
* **4-a git push**

5. What does 'git commit -m "message"' do?

* a) Commits changes with a message
* b) Commits changes without message
* c) Deletes commits
* d) Moves files to remote repo
* **5-a Commits changes with a message**

6. Which sequence correctly creates a repo, stages, commits, and pushes changes?

* a) git init → git add → git commit → git push
* b) git add → git commit → git push → git init
* c) git init → git push → git add → git commit
* d) git push → git add → git commit → git init
* **6-a git init → git add → git commit → git push**

7. After cloning a repository, which command will update your local copy with remote changes?

* a) git fetch
* b) git pull
* c) git push
* d) git init
* **7-b git pull**

8. Which command shows the status of files in the working directory and staging area?

* a) git state
* b) git status
* c) git check
* d) git info

**8-b git status**

9. Which of these is NOT a valid Git command?

* a) git init
* b) git add
* c) git commit
* d) git start

**9-d git start**